HORACE E. BROWN'S STORY. BIS NARSATIVE OF THE MANNER IN WHICH HE WAS INVOLVED IN THE UNION TRUST COMPANY FOR-GERY-DAMAGING STATEMENTS ABOUT CHAD-

WICK. The Tombs Police Court room was filled yesterday afternoon by persons interested in the examination of George W. Chadwick, charged with complicity in the forcery upon the Union Trust Company. Horace E Brown, who was the first person arrested in this case, and who was committed to the Tombs in default of \$10,000 ball, told the following story of his con-

fanit of \$10,000 ball, told the following story of his connection with the forgery:

I have lived in this city for 17 years, and know both Maxwell and Chadwick. I made the acquaintance of the latter about six wocks ago. I am not a member either of the Gold or Stock Exchange, and my chief business has been that of a ship broker. L. A. Brown, a curbstone broker, introduced me to Chadwick, and we had a long talk about some South Brooklyn and Park Railroad Company bonds that he desired me to negotiate. I took one of these bonds for \$1,000 to see what I could do with it. While this cosiness was going on Chadwick one day told me that a savings bank was charging its securities, and there probably would be gold to be purchased. He asked me if I knew of a broker used to handling large sums of money who would undertake the business. I saw Maxwell, and said to him, "Assuming that a large institution wishes to change its sequrities, and would make you its broker, would you like to do the business?" He said that he would undertake the business. I saw Maxwell, and said to him, "Assuming that a large institution wishes to change its sequrities, and would make you its broker, would you like to do the business?" He said that he would undertake he business. I saw Chadwick the next day and he said that the securities would be pand for by checks the institution in large sums of \$50,000 and more. Most of the investments would go to the institution, but a part would be made over to the officers participating, and the rest to the brokers. He promised me four per cent of the gross amount invested, and said that all the brokers together were to have 25 per cent. So far as he and I were concerned we would not be known in the transactions. I then talked the matter over thoroughly with Maxwell, and he said that there could be no risk. He gave me his card and I took the further tunion was. On Sunday, Dec. 31, while Maxwell and I were duning together, a note was brought to me stating that the business would begin on Tuesday next. The note w

The note was not sigued, but I recognized the handwriting as Chadwick's.

As I came down town on Tuesday I stopped at Chadwick's, and he said that orders to purchase gold and gone down town. He told me also that he institution was the New-York Life Insurance Company. Later I saw Maxwell and he said that he had received the check and orders to only gold. I glanced at the check as he held it in his hand, but don't think that I could identify it. He said that the had received the thorough and the bank, and everything was all right. On the next day, Jan. 3, Maxwell said that he had ascertained that the man who signed the letters was nog-certained that the man who signed the letters was nog-certained that the man who signed the letters was nog-certained that the man who signed the letters was nog-certained that the man who signed the letters was nog-certained that the was not in the list of the officers. He added that if this was the fact, he should send the papers back and have nothing more to do with the business. I afterward saw Candwick, and he said that there must be some mistake and that the would see about it. Later, I saw Maxwell again, and he said that everything was all right and that \$50,000 in gold had been purchased and delivered. On the next day Maxwell handed me a roll of greenbacks amounting to \$500. I gave \$100 to Chadwick and kept the rest. On the next morning Maxwell said that he had made a mistake in delivering the gold and had sent only \$40,000 instear of \$50,000 as he had supposed. The amount to be added was \$5,000. He gave me a gold errificate for \$10,000, told has to nave it broken up and sent only \$40,000 instear of \$50,000 as he had supposed. The amount to be added was \$5,000. He gave he as gold reason; and changing the rest into currency pat that him yown pocket. I afterward gave Candwick \$1,000 and several other smaller sums that I cannot remember now. I first heard of the forgery about two weeks ago. I met Maxwell had sold me. He said that he did not believe that there would be any troub graphed Chadwick to meet me at the Fark Hotel at 10 o'clock. At this meeting I merely related my interview with Maxwell on the night previous. We both denounced Maxwell's action. Chadwick told me to keep a "sid upper lip" and say nothing about the matter. That afternoon I was locked up at Police Headquarters.

#### · PERILS OF OCEAN TRAVEL.

SUFFERINGS ON SHIPEOARD-OVERDUE STEAMSHIPS. Capt, Hugh Deaken of the bark Nancy Bryson of London arrived from Havana yesterday in the steamship City of Vera Cruz. He states that the bark left Pernambuco Nov. 28 with a cargo of sugar for New-York. On Dec. 22 the weather became very unsettled with frequent heavy squalls, and by Dec. 28 the wind had increased to a strong gale. At inidaight of Dec. 29 the vessel was struck by a tremendous sea, which carried away starboard bulwarks and stanchions from the cathead to midships, with the boat skids, water cashs, and every movable thing on the deck, besides splitting and washing away the sails. Four men were washed overboard, who were afterward researed. The bonts were stove and the port well of the pump was broken. It was found that the ship was leaking, and the pumps were manned and the ship put before the wind. About 9 a. m. of Dec. 30 it was decided to abandon the vessel. One of the boats was stove and swemped in haunching, and the captain and crew, numbering 11 persons, took to the other boat. About 10 minutes after leaving the vessel the ship gave a tremendous plunge appeared. A terrible sea was running at the time. At daylight reat morning the brig A. J. Pettengill, from Philadelphia for Matanzas, took the wrecked party on board. Capt. Deaken says they not only owe their safety to Capt. Hall of the brig, but that they were most kindly and humanely treated by him.

The ship John O. Baker, which arrived yesterday from London, had a very boisterous passage. An almost con-stant succession of gales was encountered, with high seas, causing the vessel to roll and strain heavily, and blowing away many of the sails. At one time the crev were nearly disheartened. On Jan. 8 Henry Butler of were nearly disheartened. On Jan. 8 Henry Butler of Staffsrdshire, England, fell from the rizging to the deck and was instantly killed. On Jan. 18 the abundoned schooner Campion, from Prince Edward Island, was boarded. There was nothing to be found on board ex-cept a eat, which was taken on heard the ship. On Wednesday, when hasking part in tow, at the leginaling of a north-west gale, the lawsers were parted, and the vessel was obliged to keep off to the southward and make sail to keep her up to the wind. The weather was so cold that both spirit compasses became frozen and the classes burst.

hisses burst. Pilot Weaver came up from the stranded steamship

glasses burst.

Pilet Weaver came up from the stranded steamship Amerique yesterday, having been relieved by Pilet Walter Brewer. Capit. Sterritt of the Const Wreeking Company, who has charge of the vessel, teels confident that it the weather holds good for three or four days more, or if he has an eatterly gale, with the increasing tides, he will succeed in getting herest.

The agents of the sacamanip Colombo, now 37 days overdue from Hull, England, are more sangume than they have been of that vessel's safety. They taink that the steamship Ottolko of the same like, now several days overdue, has follen in with the Colombo and taken her in tow, and is probably trying to make port. When the Colombo was signified by the steamship America, on Dec. 19, she was about 500 miles east of 81. Johns, N. F. and under steam heading to the westward. Appearances indicated that the Colombo's sating power had been disabled. It is supposed that she must have encountered the north-west gales which prevailed during Dec. 20, 27, and 28, and, fluiding it map sable to make Halitax, was driven to the southward of the gale.

The steamship theory commell is still missing, and is now 22 days out from Halifax, bound to 8t. Johns, Among other vessels that are new due is the Holland of the National Line, which should have arrived on Tuesday; the Elysia and Abyssmia, from Liverpeol, were due gesterday.

# ACTION OF THE ALDERMEN.

CONFERENCES OF HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS-THE ELECTORAL COMPROMISE - WATER SUPPLY-THEATING STREET CARS.

At the meeting of the Aldermen yesterday a resolution was adopted that Mayor Ely summon the heads of departments on the first Wednesday in every month to confer with him and devise measures for the benefit of the city. Alderman Cole proposed a resolution that the board cordially approved of the Electoral Compromise bill, and regarded with approbation and satisfaction the united and carnest advocacy of the measure by both Senators from this State: This was placed on

flie, as the bill had already been passed by the Senate.

A resolution proposed by Alderman Keenan w adopted, directing the Commissioner of Public Works to inquire into and report upon the system used in Liverpool to prevent the waste of The Committee on Croton Water was directed to investigate charges that the contractors for supplying stop-

gate charges that the contractors for supplying stopcocks for the water mains had not used those of sufficient
size, and that great waste had resulted.

Adderman Guntzer, on behalf of hinself and Alderman
Reilly, prescuted the majority report of the Railroad
Committee adverse to heating the street cars. The main
points were, that at the meetings of the committee no
disinterested parties had appeared on either side, and
hence it was concluded that the general public cared
bittle about the matter; and it would be prejudicial to
public health to heat the cars, for it would breed contagion. The report suggested that existing regulation. public health to heat the cars, for it would breed contacion. The report suggested that existing regulations of the Roard of Health should be rigidly enforced and proposed three additional rules: That the front door of the cars should be tightly closed during the entire trip; that clean straw should be put in every day; that the ventilation should be more corefully looked into. Alderman Cowing presented a minority report in favor of compelling each line to heat, in some way, ten percent of its cars by way of experiment. The report stated that this suggestion had the sanction of the Board of Health. Discussion of both reports were postponed till the next meeting.

Liberty-st., near Broadway. Robert Gordon presided at | \$4,386,685 83, leaving a surplus as to policy-holders of the banquet, which was informal and private. members of the society were present. Among them were James Brand, President of the St. Andrew's Society Walter Watson, Bryce Gray, Alexander King, D. Mac Gregor Crerar, John McKay, John Laird Wison, and James Harcombe. The only regular toast was " Robert

James Harcombe. The only resular toast was "Robert Burns, the poet of humanity." The bill of fare contained a rumber of Scotch dishes.

At Ferrero's Assembly Rooms last evening was given the twentieth annual ball of the New-York Caledonian Club, which has nearly 500 members. Of these about 60 appeared in the picturesque Highland costime, giving to the ball-room a unique and attractive appearance. The music of the band was accompanied by the bagpipe. The Committee of Arrangements consisted of C. G. Nicholson, J. A. Craig, Waiter Brown, J. McMillan, and Joan Henderson.

#### ART OF DINING.

LECTURE BY JUDGE JOHN R. BRADY. Judge John R. Brady lectured at Chickering Hail last evening before the Young Men's Hebrew Association, taking for his subject the following selection from the banquet scene in "Macbeth:" "Let good digestion wait on appetite, and health on both." Upon the platform were Judges Barrett, Van Vorst, Daniels, and Lawrence, and Surrogate Calvin. The lecture was interspersed with numerous anecdotes, which elicited

applause and laughter. Judge Brady said that the suggestion made by the quo tation came alike to the rich and the poor. It entered the cot of the peasant, it stalked grandly into the palace of the emperor, and beneath the soiled smock of the laborer and the jeweled robes, of the monarch the appetite asserted its sway and digestion sat enthroned. Physically each was like the other, however differently Physically each was like the other, however differently they might treat the tyrant who demanded so much attention. There was indeed harmony in these things in nature, and through the agency of the dinner-table came much that was magnificent. And so, he said, with intellectual rapid transit we might fly to Egypt. We would find that there, in the houses of the rich, ewers and basins were provided for the guest, and they washed before dining. Anointing was performed, after which each guest was presented with a lotos flower, which he held in his hand during the entertainment. Flowers were used as necklaces, garlands for the head, and formed into wreaths and devices were hung on stands. Flowers did not give the only perfumes used. Frankineense and myrrh were used to give pleasant educs, and doubtless to prevent any sense of the savers of coming dishes. It was strange that anything should be required to make the viands and the biquids acceptable, but it was said that cabbage was used to excite the palate before drinking. He then presented the distinguishing features of the dinners prepared in other countries and of the influence which they created. He calogized the author of the Marseillaise Hymn, who was inspired at the dinner-table. He spoke of the expense of dinners. Vitellins, he said, spent as much as 3,228 pounds sterling for his daily suppers, and the feat which he gave his brother Lucius cost £40,350. Alins Verus spent upon a single entertainment, at which only a dozen guests were present, 48,500 pounds sterling. they might treat the tyrant who demanded so much at-

#### LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

THE EQUITABLE TO BE EXAMINED-CONDITION OF THE SECURITY AND NEW-JEESEY MUTUAL.

The examination of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, under the supervision of the Insurance Supermicudent, has been nearly completed, and, in pursuance of the resolution adopted some time ago, by Mr. Smyth, to examife all the companies in the State, Mr. McCall has begun the investigation of the Equitable Life Assurance Society. The committee, headed by ex-Goy, E. D. Morgan, which was recently selected by the Finance Committee of the society to make an examination of its assets and liabilities, hus also organized, and is ready to begin its work.

Mr. Wickham, the receiver of the Security Life, will not have his report completed for several days. He said vesterday that the work of correcting the numerous false entries that had been made and placing the statement of the company in an intelligible shape was much greater than he had anticipated. Many policy-holders were putting themselves to unnecessary trouble and expense in the mean time by employing lawyers to settle their claims. This was entirely unnecessary, as he had been employed by the court to do the same work. Nothing of course could be obtained until the actual condition of the company had been ascertained and a dividend de-clared, when it could be paid as easily to a claimant di-

of the company had been ascertained and a dividend declared, when it could be paid as easily to a claimant direct as to an attorney. In some cases the former agenty to the company had forwarded blank powers of attorney to the policy-holders whose names were on their agency books, with the request that they be signed and returned, making said agents their autorneys for the collection of their claims, and one of the agents had made the further request that the insured person in each case should inclose \$2. All such expense was wholly unanthorized and unnecessary.

Mr. Rhodes, Insurance Commissioner of Massachusetts, has revoiced the license of the company by Mr. Rhodes, Insurance Commissioner of Massachusetts, has revoiced the license of the company by Mr. Rebeles, Insurance Company to do business in that State. It is inderstood link the examination of the company bear and aware that the examination of the company bad any objectionable assets. Malicions reports had been circulated, but an investigation same time previous had removed all doubtes on the subject. In regard to the action of Commissioner Rhodes in cauceling the ficense of the company to do business in the company to do business in that was necessary to make an annual statement and application in every State, and this year the company had done neither in Massachusetts, he said that it was necessary to make an annual statement and application in every State, and this year the company had done neither in Massachusetts, he had been circulated, but not an investigation of the economic of the results of its free control of the company had done neither in Massachusetts, he had been circulated, but not an investigation of the company had done neither in Massachusetts, he had been circulated, but not an investigation of the company had done neither in Massachusetts, and this year the company had done neither in Massachusetts, and this year the company had done neither in Massachusetts, and this year the company had done neither in Massachusetts, and this year

# THE WATER SUPPLY.

MORE RAIN IN 1876 THAN DURING ANY OF THE

conrect to meet the emergency.

FIVE PREVIOUS YEARS. Although much has been said recently about the scarcity of the supply of Croton water, it appears from the official records of Hiram J. Penrod of the Signal ervice Bureau that the rainfall has been greater this car than is any year since 1870, averaging 3.94 inches each month. The following table shows the rainfall in inches for each month of the past six years:

mence to: eac	THE VIEW		e. buscar.	2000 70 0100	775777	
	1821.	1572.	1873.	1871.	1875.	1576.
January	9.05	2.34	6,06	4.470	25.77	1.21
February		1.44	1.73	2.11	23,1139	6.32
March		35.563	1.88	1.85	4.25	7.90
April	20.23	2.49	3.05	7.02	3.21	3.79
May	9.845	2.25	4.08	2.16	1.46	2.64
Jone		2.93	1.00	2.87	1.66	2.97
July		9.36	4.15	3.00	5.23	5.02
4.111	6 707	6.08	7.69	2.58	10.49	9.97
August	0.10	3.44	43 5 77	7.16	10.52	E 414
September.	2 12	3.43	200	1.82	3.13	7.68
October			2.4.7	0.01	4 42	4 40
Navember.		5.04	****	20.001	47.75.55	10000
December	1.19	2.54		2.64	****	-

Total....46,46 45.27 40.16 40.65 45.09 48.40 There is great complaint from occupants of houses up wu on account of their getting a limited supply of water, owing to there not being force enough to send the water to the upper part of their houses, more especially at the present, time. Chief-Engineer Campbell says that at the present time. Cherranguere campost asystems as soon as possible larger water-pipes will be employed in the upper part of the city, so that a full supply of Croton can be obtained on the upper as well as the lower theors. Work is also to be pushed on the new reservoir, which will give an additional supply for the use of the

CERAMIC ART TREASURES. ACQUISITIONS BY THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION. The Smithsonian Institution has been exceptionally fortunate in the addition made to its collection of pottery, from the Centennial Exhibition. When the time came for the disposal of the exhibits it was found that several of the exhibitors had resolved to present to the Institution some of the most remarkable specimens of pottery. Among them were Messrs, Haviland & Co. of Lunores, and Mr. Doulton of Lambeth, England. The former presented the Institution with the large memorial vases of Limoges faience, of which a full description was given in THE TRIBUSE in August last. They were ac ompanied by Bracquemond's tile-piece of the same are, in which the artist represents, by an allegery, the advance of civilization. There can be no question that the vases, from the patriotic sentiment embodied in them, are most appropriately placed in the capital. Visfors will, in the years to come, see in them not only enderful examples of the art of the potters of Limoges wenderful examples of the art of the potters of Lineges, but lasting and fitting memorials of the Declaration of American Independence, and of the hundredth anniversary of that event. They are valued at \$20,000 and the thi-piece at \$4,000. Prof. Baird, while in New York recently, said that Mr. Doulton had been very generous to the institution, and had handed over to it a very large portion of his exhibit. The art included the terra cotta phipit, one of the most wonderful works ever attempted in that material, and the the place representing the cubarking of the Pilgrim Fathers.

# THE WASHINGTON LIFE.

Deputy Superintendent John A. McCall, ir. has made his report of the condition of the Washington e Insurance Company of this city on Dec. 1876, to Acting Insurance Super-intendent Smyth. This is the . first solvent company the examination of which has been completed since the superintendent began a rigid investigation of all the life insurance companies in the State. In his report, Mr. McCall says "the very satisfactory condition of the company is attributable to the management of its affairs by able, prudent, and honorable men. It gives me pleasure to state that in a minute and exacting inthat this suggestion had the sanction of the Board of Health. Discussion of both reports were postponed till the next meeting.

BIRTHDAY OF BURNS.

The seventh anniversary of the Burns Society was observed yesterday—the anniversary of the birthday of Robert Burns—by a dinner served to the berthday of Robert Burns—by a dinner served to the berthday of the society at Sutherland's restaurant, in 1990 to 19

SOUTHERN STATE DEBTS.

EFFORTS FOR THEIR ADJUSTMENT.

MEETING OF NEW-YORK BANKERS AND MERCHANTS AT THE CLEARING-HOUSE-A COMMITTEE OF FIVE TO CONFER AITH THE SOUTHERN STATE AUTHORITIES ABOUT METHODS OF SETTLE-MENT

The meeting held at the Clearing-house yesterday at the call of some of the most prominent firms in the city, to consider the subject of the debts of the Southern States, was well attended by bankers and merchants. William Cullen Bryant presided and Thomas Denny acted as Secretary. Mr. Bryant announced the object of the meefing in these words:

Denny acted as Secretary. Mr. Bryant amounted the object of the meeting in these words:

We are assembled, my friends, for a purpose which may, without offense to the proprieties of language, be called philanthropic. Certain of the States which compose this Union are in a condition of deplorable insolvency, from which no exertions of their own can extricate them—that is to say that they are so deep in debt that only the assistance of some friendly hand can enable them to emerge. You all know what is the effect of insolvency when it becomes hopeless. It petrifies the moral nature; it causes the obligations of debt to be disregarded, or in the language of the day ignored. The debtor loses his self respect, wraps himself in a sullen indifference to consequences, and looks defined, if he does not speak it, at the creditor. But give him the hope of satisfying his creditor, and show him a practicable way of doing it, and you make another man of him. He adopts it, if he be not lost to shame; he adopts it with abscriby, comes to an agreenent with his creditor, and rejoices at having got rid of a burder which ac could not bear without a sense of degradation. This meeting is called for the purpose of initiating a method of helping those states which are unfortunately past helping themselves. To this end it is proposed to call in the aid of some of our wisest and meat experienced men of business, whose names will be given you for your approval.

Frederick Taylor of the firm of F. Butterfield & Co. made an address upon the importance of taking action to relieve the States now in default, and upon the interest which all classes of the community-whether holders of bonds or not-should take in restoring the good name and the prosperity of these states. In regard to the plan of a committee of arbiters he said :

the prosperity of these States. In regard to the plan of a committee of arbiters he said:

The question naturally arises, What can these States do to find relief? Their creditors are scattered throughout the country and the world. Negotiation with each one of them is hapossible, and any body of the creditors must necessarily represent but a smal proportion of the whole number. Besides, any attempt at negotiation with the creditors would undoubtedly develop a vast contrariety of opinion among them, while some might be inclined to meet the States in a generous spirit of compromise; others, feeling that soreness and tostiness which is only natural as the result of a losing inventment, might be inclined to regard any course on the part of the States other than payment of the debts, dollar for dollar, as unjust and wrong. The authorities of the defaulted States are aware of this, and doubtless their inaction in the matter has been largely due to the difficulties which they know must confront any attempt at compromise. Something must be done, because the Southern States cannot always remain in their present condition. So long as any State in the Union is in default upon its bonds, and is dishonored in its credit, finit State cannot stand in its right relation to its siste. States, nor can it achieve any positive material progress. Its dishonored credit is like a unilstone about its neck, constantly dragging it down.

In this emergency it is proposed that five upright, honorable men, representative men of finance, men accustoned to the execution of delicate trusts, and who have not themselves one dollar of pecuniary interest in the matter, shall be requested to approach the authorities of each of the defaulted States, to solicit from them a complete statement of the condition of cach State, its labilities and its assets, its actual present and probable future ability, and, having carefully investigated and considered all the circunstances bearing upon the matter, to devise and suggest a pian for the readjustment of th

were adopted. These refer to the cyrls resulting to the whole country from the defaults in Southern State debts, and the vital importance to this city especially that the financial affairs of all parts of the nation should be speedily restored to a healthy condition, and proceed as follows:

Resolved, That as citizens of New-York we deplore the ex-sting state of things in the defaulting states of the South

approval of all that had been said by the chalrman and previous speakers. The debts of the Northern States were rapidly disappearing, and such an arrangement as was contemplated would be of great advantage to persons in the North who were seeking good securities for investment.

George S. Coe of the committee named in the resolution, being lavited to speak, said that this movement originated with a gentleman who was closely connected with the Centennial Exhibition, and who believed it eminently fitting that that national work should be followed by this adjustment of State debts. There were \$150, 000,000 of defaulted bonds hanging over the nation and the world, and it was a matter of national importance and national pride to every American that this indebtedness should be honorably settled. The gentlemen referred to having gained promises of assistance from disinterested bankers in New-York had visited Virginia and North Carelina to ascertain the State of feeling there. The proposition was warmly welcomed, and the matter had acquired a gravity which was not expected at the ontset.

As an indication of the favor with which the plan was received in Virginia Mr. Coe read a letter recently reeeived from Alexander H. H. Steart, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Virginia House of Delegates. Pollowing is an extract:

Following is an extract:

I beg leave on behalf of the committee of which I am chairman to say that we gratefully appreciate the kind feeling which has sudneed you and those associated with you to tender your medizarial offices in this delicate and important matter, and that, the result be what it may, we can never forget your disinterested effort to promote the interests of our impoverished and languish-

A motion was made to add the names of H. G. Stebbers and Cyras W. Field to the committee of five, but it was finally so amended at the suggestion of these gentlemen that the members of the committee have power to add to that the members of the committee have power to add to their numbers if they consider it desirable. Of the cem-mittee, Messrs, George S. Coe, J. D. Vermilye, and B. B. Sberman are well-known citizens of New York, and the -presidents of the American Exchange Bank, the Mer-chants' National Bank, and the Mechanics' National Bank, respectively. B. B. Comerya is the president of the First National Bank of Philadelphia, and Enoch Pratt is president of the First National Bank of Baltimore.

# HOLDERS OF ARKANSAS BONDS.

The holders of bonds of the State of Arkanwho met at the office of R. L. Cutting, jr., & Co., No. 19 William-st., yesterday, adopted a resolution author izing the chairman of the meeting, R. L. Catting, sr., to appoint a committee of five to take into consideration all the questions bearing upon a sestlement with the State, and to confer with the State authorities upon the subject and report to a future inceting. The committee will be appointed this in groung.

# TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

HANOVER, N. H., Jan. 25.—The annual day of rayer for colleges was observed here to-day for the fifty-fifth rayer for colleges was observed here to day for the fifty fifth line in the history of Dartmenth.

Boston, Jan. 25.—Daniel Knox fell overboard

YANKTON, Dak., Jan. 25.—The reports of the mas PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jun. 25.—Wm. H. Talbot of amestown put out on the bay here vestering in a skiff to re-over a duck which he had shot, and, not returning it is longist that he was drowned.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 25,—H. J. Clark has this week vicinaled a jewel y firm here by paying what purpered to be a certified check on the Manufacturers' National Hank of Boston for a bill of goods.

A good story is told of a well-known Broadst, oreker, who, on his way home from the club the other evening, managed to occupy considerably more than I workingles of the Madison-ave, sidewalk. In this predicament he was merby two seedy individuals, who first releved him of his watch, and then timbled him over into the snow. As he lay there shouting for help, two other individuals came along and inquised: "What's the matter?" "Why, "said the broker, "here I've—hle—bern Tobbed of my—hie—watch." "Didn't they take your noney?" asked the strangers. "Don't know," said the broker, feeing in his broast pocket for his wallet. "No, here 'tis—hle—money's all right." "Well, we'll take that, then," said the strangers, as they selzed the wallet and disappeared around the first corner.—[Commercial Advertiser.

### HOME NEWS.

THERMOMETER YESTERDAY AT HUDNUTS IN BROADWAY.

9 a. m., 18°. Noon, 22°. 3 p. m., 25°. Midnight, 20°. Highest during the day, 25°. Lowest, 14°. Average, 20°. Same day, 1876, 52°2°.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS.

Everett House—Profs, Theodore D. Woolsey and George E. Day of New Haven, Prof. Exta Abbot of Harvard College, and the Rev. W. H. H. Murray of Foston. Fifth Avenue Fotel—The Hon. John H. B. Latrobe of Baltimore, Judge Joseph Casy and John D. McPherson of Washington, the Hon. John P. Usher of Kansas, and F. Gordon Dexter of Eoston. Westendard Hotel—Commander Hearty Wilson, U. S. Navy — Albenaric Hotel—Commander Hearty Wilson, U. S. Navy — Albenaric Hotel—L. Nicholsky of the Hussian Centennial Commission. Claracion Hovel—John Newell, Gentennia Commission. Claracion Hovel—John Newell, Gentennia Commissioner for Australia. New-Yerk Hotel—T. Scott Stewart of California. PROMINENT ARRIVALS.

NEW-YORK CITY. The question of the hour, Is New-York to have Carnival on Mardi Gras day I The old Post-Office at Nassau and Liberty-sts, is

o be used for religious purposes. Joseph E. Lord of this city has been appointed Military Secretary to the Commander in Chief, with the rank of Colonel.

Custom-house Inspectors McCort and Hagan seized 1,320 cigars yesterday on board the steamer Vera Cruz from Havana.

The conduit pipes in Castle Garden were frozen up n Wednesday night, and yesterday a force of men were than ing them out.

Brig.-Geo. Daniel D. Wylie, Commissary-General and Chief of Ordnance, has been appointed Acting Assistant Quartermaster-General.

The annual dress reception of Prof. Sause takes place to night at Irving Hail. The success of Mr. Sa school and of these receptions has long been established. The skating has never been better than at the

present season. The park lakes in this city and Brooklyn are crowded throughout the day by a multitude of skaters. The system of housekeeping in apartments, so common in Paris, seems to be gaining ground in New-York. Two large French flats are to be erected at Eighth-ave, and

rifty-eighth-st. Under a new order, the gatemen at the ferry of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey strictly enforce the rule to show all commutation tickets, giving old commuters much

annecessa y trouble. A notice has been placed on the Third-ave. cars stating that drivers are forbidden to retain a lame horse in service; they are required to exchange the disabled animal

at the nearest depot for a sound one.

A recent contrivance for the protection of moneyales is a net of telegraph wire aprend all over them, in electric communication with an marm bell." Any attempt to force the safe open or to tamper with the network sounds the alarm

The meeting of real estate owners along the line of Sixth-ave., which was held on Wednesday night, was large in numbers, and the resolutions adopted, denouncing the op-position of the Sixth Avenue Railroad Company to the Gilbert Elevated Railway, were very positive.

Since the foundation of the New-York Juvenile

Asylum, a quarter of a century ago, 19,156 children have been received. During the past year 802 children have entered the asylum, of whom 485 were discharged to their friends and 154 sent West. There are now in the asylum 780 children.

In the case of mistaken identity in the Detectives' Office on Wednesday, Detective Walling was not, as stated in yesterday's Tamuxs, picked out as a cur thief. The officer designated was an aid of one of the Inspectors. James Offiver, counsel for the four prisoners, was the authority for the

Officer Shelby of the Seventh Precinct has ascertained that Lizzie Crossman, age 35 years, and known as "Little Boston," has been missing from her boarding house, to 336 Water st., since the night of the East River tragedy A woman named Ann Campboli, who knew her for several years, says that she wore a ring upon which were two hearts.

John C. Baxter, who died suddealy last week, at his residence in this city, was widely known in business and religious circles. He was born in Lansingburgh, Renselact county, N. Y., May 11, 1807. For 48 years he was engaged i the ship-chandlery business on the same block in Wallst. He was for 30 years one of the most active and prominent men in State in the Sanday-school cause.

Howard Potter, John Jay, Oswald Ottendorfer, Dorman B. Eaton, Samuel D. Babcock, Josiah M. Piske, P. Van Volkenburgh, Jackson S. Schultz, Henry F. Spaulding John H. Hall, and Charles S. Smith, have been appointed th sub-committee on behalf of the Citizens' Committee, of which William A. Booth is chairman, to confer with the Mayor and Controller, and report what legislation is required to remedy the defects in the laws relating to the courts and municipal departments, and to reduce the expenses of the city govern-Upper Broadway was the scene of an old-fashioned

sielching party last evening. About 6 o'clock there appeared

stath age and Broadway 24 " bob-sfeds" each drawn by

at Sixth-ave and musical with bells. The sieds were mounted with "bexes," each of which contained from eight to ten couples, muffled in furs, the entire outfit re-sembling those to which the young people of the rural districts are so partial. When everything was in readin as the procession moved rapelly up Broadway to the Boulevard, where an exciting race took place, after which a tour of Central Park was made, and many other pleasant drives were Coroner Flanagan yesterday morning held an

inquest upon the body of Louis Niff, a boy 3 years old, who was drowned by falling into the water-tank on board the steam-tig William Fietcher on Jan. 20 while passengers were being landed from the steamship France of the National Some of the witnesses testified that the man hole plate could only b men, while others testified that it was tipped by the child's stepping upon it. The jury found that death resulted from drewning, and that the cover of the tank had been removed by ome unknown person. No one was censured. Julius Wisthimer of No. 61 Pitt-st, was sent by

his father on Wednesday with \$340 to pay a bill. The lad did not return home that night, and yesteriay his father, who has been seeking him, found him in Ludlow Street Jail on a charge of passing counterfeit coin. Young Wisthimer was brought before United States Commissioner Shields yesterday, and James F. Sherry of No. 134 Division st, testified that the boy had passed a counterfeit half-dollar piece on him a week age and that on seeing Julius on Wednesday attempting to pass two more pieces on a Chinaman in Chathamast. he had him rested. Commissioner Shields held the boy in \$500 bail for further examination. BROOKLYN.

In the Kingsley & Keeney suit against the city the testimony of the Fowler trial before the Common Council is

being substantially repeated from day to day. The Commissioners of Charity have distributed this Winter 2,200 tous of coal to the poor. As their supply is hearly exhausted they will ask the Board of Supervisors for

nother coal appropriation at their next meeting. The Board of City Works will shortly submit plans to the Board of Aldermea for further improvements on the City Hall Park, principally in that part fronting the City

Hail, which is to be leveled and otherwise improved A caucus of Democratic aldermen will be held tocorrew to consider the question of ratifying the nomination

for Park Commissioners made by Mayor Schroeder last Mor day. Mr. Marshall still declines to accept the nomination. The charges brought against Police Captain Walsh and Typan for arresting a young man at the door of Herte's auction rooms have been dismissed. Joel B. Erhardt

Chairman of the Committee on Rules and Discipline, in dis missing the case, said that corner loading must be put down President Truslow of the Board of Assessors is a Republican and Wm. H. Delaney, the clerk of the office, is a Democrat, Efforts are making to personde Mr. Trialow to appoint a Republican in Delaney's place. Adrian V. Bergen

son of United States Commissioner Winsle amed for the position. The Board of City Works have contracted with the Lebigh Coal Company for 3,000 tons of Flymouth coal at \$3.35 per ton of 2,240 pounds, and with the Philadelphia and Reading Company for 8,000 tons of Pittston coal at \$3 15 per ton. The coal is for the use of the pumping engines of the

water works this year. Nancy Freeman, the colored servant at No. 128 Pennst, who was arrested recently on the charge of infanti Pennsd., who was arrested recently on the charge of infant-cide, told a rambling story at the inquest about another woman giving her the dead baby. She said that her own child was at her state's house on Bushwick ave., but yesterday the detectives ascertained that her story was false.

Leon B. Winship, a clerk formerly in the employ of John B. Adriance, a dry goods dealer of New-York, brough an action in the City Court to recover \$20, 00 damages from the latter for alleged defamation of character. Winship wa accused of stending goods from the store and was discharged. The jury yesterday, after being out for two bours, declared out they could not agree, but stood eight for the plaintiff and four for the defendant. Mrs. Margaretha Rau of No. 41 Meserole-st., E

D., was arraigned before Justice Samler yesterday accessed of laying defranded Mrs. M. Stack of No. 830 Park ave. out of and estate valued at \$10,000. It is alleged that Mrs. Eau ought of Mrs. Siark valuable property and gave in exchange cal estate in New York so menmbered by mortgages as t ribless. The prisoner was sent to jail, and the case will be called up this morning. Julius Alvin Wenneher, a tailor of the Eastern

District, who last Fall involved-tien, steinmetz, the architect of the New York Post-Oifice, in several suits for slaader by acting in his name, was yesterday tried in the Court of Sessions for grand larceny, in steating two gold watches worth \$150 from the Brondway store of M. Heitzman in November last. The jury gave a verdict of guilty, and Wenncher was sen enced to two years in the Penitentiary. Complaints having been made that some of the Justices of the Peace in Kings County had been charging larger fees than were allowed by statute, District Attorney Brit-

ton yesterday sent to each of them a letter warning them that

any discovered violation of this statute on their part would be

The President of the Brooklyn Board of Health autions the public against purchasing and the trade from

selling an article known as "Leaman's Anfiline Dye." Though properly marked upon the outside of the packages, many of the bottics are found, when the wrappers are removed, to be labeled in such manner as to indicate that they contain ex-

tract of valerian, which is recommended in such label to b taken for neuralgia and other nervous diseases, while the actual contents are active poisons. JERSEY CITY.

George Daggett of Summit-ave, had his knee-cap torn off ir an accident while coasting.

Diphtheria is prevalent in the upper part of the St. Boniface's Roman Catholic congregation have

The Hudson County Caledonian Club gave a dinner in Franklin Hall last evening in celebration of the birthday of Robert Burns. The Board of Canvassers will meet to-day and give official notice of the defeat of the Road Board in the re-

With full returns of the voting on Tuesday, except in one precinct, the majority in the county against the Road Board is 1,522.

The graduating exercises of the Class of 1877.

Jersey City High School, took place in the Tabernacle last
evening. About 20 of the 48 members delivered orations and
read essays.

Peter G. Lewis, a veteran of the War of 1812, died esterday, at the advanced age of 97, at his residence, on Mil-nave., Jersey City Hights. Mr. Lewis was born in Merris unity. N. J., and lived a temperate life. He gave his first de for Jefferson.

vote for Jefferson.

The financial report of the Fire Commissioners for 1876 is as follows: Total appropriations, \$125,000; total expenditures, \$124,842.90; balance on hand and money received \$1,183. The Chief Engineer reported for 1876; Alarms, 221 falso, 7; fires, 214; losses, \$112,604; insurance, \$133,286.

HUDSON RIVER COUNTIES. WHITE PLAINS.—The investigation instituted by the Board of Supervisors of Westchester County in regard to the management of the County Foorhouse, and charges breferred against the keeper, was continued at the Court-house yestercay. Nearly the whole day was occupied in the cross-examination of C. Dominnick, son-in-law of the accused, but no new facts were choited. Further proceedings in the matter were adjourned until Monday morning next.

# POSTSCRIPT.

3:30 a. m.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

ORIENTAL AFFAIRS.

LONDON, Friday, Jan. 26, 1877. The Times's dispatch from Pera says Sir H. G. Elliot, the British Embassador, has embarked. The suspicion that Gen. Ignatieff will negotiate separately with the Ottoman Government is unfounded.

A telegram to The Times from Semlin says the Committee of Seventeen elected by the late Skuptschina are in session. They are opposed to peace negotiations except in the event of Russia taking no further steps against Turkey. Servinos declare the proposed cession of Little Zwornik to Servia valueless, unless accompanied by compensation for the suffering they have sustained on be half of their fellow Christians. The Service War Department is endeavoring to place its forces upon an effective footing to cooperate with Russia in case she declared Volunteers from Vallevo and Schabatz have been ordered to join Gen. Howatovitch, near the mouth of the Timok. Heavy artillery has been sent there. Fortifica tions are being constructed to protect the passage of the Danube between Servia and Roumania. The Turks within the last few days have sent reënforcem Servian frontiers. It is stated that they now have 40,000 men ready for action on the Timok and Morava lines.

#### EUSSIAN WAR PREPARATIONS. LONDON, Friday, Jan. 26, 1877.

The Berlin correspondent of The Times reports that the Russian Government has given orders to prepare for calling out the third division of the reserves, which includes all able-bodied men. It has also ordered the railway companies to furnish exact lists of the rolling stock, rails, and other material at their immediate disposal, and has requested railway directors to recom-mend foreign firms which are likely to supply railway

[For other Foreign Neses see Firth Page.]

THE ELECTORAL BILL. LEGISLATIVE APPROVALS.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 25 .- In the House of

Representatives this afternoon resolutions were passed, 110 to 78, expressing confidence in the wisdom of Congress and the Executive in the settlement of the Presidential question; claiming that defects in the Constitution should be remedied by amendment, not by legislative interference; denouncing intimidation, violence and fraud at elections; demanding constitutional amendments for the purpose of securing honest suffrage and correcting ambiguities concerning Presidential elections; and saying "that whether the result of the last election be settled by the plan followed in past elections, or by concurrent vote of both houses rejecting the electoral vote of any State on account of intimidation, violence, or fraud, or by the operation of the proposed law to submit all the questions now at issue to a commission of 15 persons, we; the General Assembly of Connecticut, hereby heartily pledge the support of the State Government to that person who shall thereby be declared elected President of the United States." It was declared elected President of the United States." It was also resolved "that any armed opposition to the inauguration or administration of the person who may be declared elected President by either of the aforesaid methods which hay be adopted by Congress will be treason, and all persons who threaten civil war unless some one specific plan of settling the difficulty is followed out deserve the excerntion of all good eltizens." The resolutions were strongly opposed by the Democrats of the House. During the denate a dispatch was read announcing that the United States Senate had passed the compromise. The announcement that Senator Eaton was the only Democrat voting against it was received with hisses by the Democrats, and promptly checked by the Speaker. the Speaker.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.-The House passed by a vote of 65 to 6 a resolution indorsing the Compromise Committee's plan of settling the electoral question.

Boston, Jan. 25 .- In the House to-day reso lutions were adopted favoring the Electoral bill and an amendment to the Constitution clearly prescribing the mode for counting the electoral vote. Only 19 members

# THE GRAND ARMY REUNION.

The Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic of this State reassembled yesterday at Irving Hall. William Rumsey was elected as a director of th Soldiers' Home in place of E. B. Gere, who withdrew and Louis Schlamus and A. H. Nash completed the hoard Gen. D. E. Siekles made a short address, in which he con gratulated the organization on its progress and good works, and promised to identify himself with the orde in future. An engrossed copy of resolutions, thanking T. S. Brennan for the laying out of the soldiers' cemetery on Hart's Island, was presented. It was resolved that th semi-annual encampment be held at Bath, N. Y., on the occasion of the laying of the corner-stone of the Soldiers' Home next July. The following officers for the er suing year were then elected: Commander, James Tanner; Sentor Vice-Commander, Constantine Nitzsche Junior Vice-Commander, R. H. McCormack; Chaplain, J. H. Barnard; Medical Director, Nelson Place. Th following delegates to the National Encampment were elected: J. J. C. Langbein, Gen. E. L. Cole, Francis Clark, Williard Bullard, H. A. Rockwell, F. H. Shepherd, and A. H. Mulligan.

The annual bunquet was held in the evening in Irving Hall, which was decorated with bunting, the army corps badges, and the motto "Webe me" in gas jets. About 500 veterans entered the hall to the tune of "Ween Johnny comes marching home again." Among the guests were Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, Gen. Barnun, Gen. Robinson, Gen. Keicham, Gen. C. K. Graham, the Commissioners of Charities and Correction, Gen. Rogers, Gen. E. L. Cole, Col. James M. Turner, Capt. Joel of Col. R. B. Hayes's 23d Ohio Reciment, and others. Letters were read from the President and Ges. Sherman, Hancock and Woodford, Mayor Ely and others. The first toast, "Our Country," was responded to by Gen. Sickles. elected: J. J. C. Laughein, Gen. E. L. Cole, Francis

#### THE TELEGRAPH CONTROVERSY. In explanation of the controversy between

the Western Union and the Atlantic and Pacific Tele graph Companies, it was stated on Tuesday at the office of the latter company that the Merchants' National Telegraph Company built a line a number of years ago from Pittsburgh to the oil regions, which was leased March 1, 1867, et an annual rental of \$4,000 for 10 years to the Pacific and Atlantic Company, which subsc quently passed into the hands of the Western Union. As the lease of this line would expire on March I next, the Western Union caused to be torn down, on last Saturday night, between 40 and 50 miles of the line, the whole length of which is about 125 miles, in order to prevent it from passing into the hands of the Atlantic and vent it from passing into the hands of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, which owns 1,046 shares of a total of 2,000 shares. This was done notwithstanding a provision of the lease requiring the properly to be returned at the expiration of the lease in good order. Judge Ewing of Pittaburgh granted an injunction late on Saturday evening, restraining the Western Union and its agents from further destruction of the line.

Western Union officers say that the people along the line are in no way sufferers by the destruction of the old poles and wires, as a new line was built by the Western Union sente time ago. The order was issued two or three months ago to take down the old poles.

LOW SCHEDULE RATES FOR COAL. The Delaware and Hudson Canal Company

that they are the lowest that have ever been as at this port. They are as follows, pe pounds:

SUICIDE OF A REJECTED LOVER A physician was hastily summoned at 6:45 a. m. yesterday to attend a young man who had had himself a few minutes previously at No. 59 Prospec-place. He found Garrett C. Van Kirk, age 24, a boards in the house, suffering from a pistol-shot wound in the left side, from which the blood was flowing freely. left side, from which the blood was flowing freely. I left side, from which the blood was flowing freely. I hasty examination showed that the ball had penetrated the intestines and that the wound would be fatal. A pistol with its chamber empty lay on the bed, loosely had in the dying man's hand. After suffering acuty in the dying man's hand. After suffering acuty in the dying but remaining quite conscious until the end, the unfortunate man died.

LECTURES AND MEETINGS. The annual reunion of the New-York Wosleys University Club will be held on Monday evening next at a residence of A. V. Stoul, at No. 260 Madison ave. It is ex-pected that the gathering will be larger than usual.

pected that the gathering will be larger than usual.

Ex-Gov. John T. Hoffman lectured on "My Little Pleasure Trip" at Steinway Hail last evening. After Inviting his nearers to take a 6.000-mile trip with him before bouling he started at Paris, traveled over some of the famous battle fields of Napoleon, glanced at Lyons, with her great manufactories, and then crossed the Mediterranean to Astronomy and the program agraphic picture of Egypt, sketched the glory of he dead civilization and the new life which is being infused into the country by the enterprise and sherling worth of the present Viceroy. Constantinople, with its magnificent site and listless people, was siven upon at length, The lecture gradiered that the day would soon come when Turkey, with her degraded people and corrupt rulers, would be erased from the map of Europe.

The Parisist Fathers calciumated the Feast of the

The Paulist Fathers celebrated the Feast of the The Pattlist Fathers celebrated the Feast of the Conversion of St. Paul yesterday by blessing and holding the first service in the new temporary building or Sixtebar. During the week all the pews were taken from the old church and placed in a similar position in the new one, and the so large organs were also removed. Of the new altars in the old church, recon could only be some for four. The new chince, although differing in shape from the old church, will access modato fully as many, and will be used for service until the services yesterday were opened by a long procession of the clergy, charters, and aliar toys moving through the various asists of the church, the celebrant sprinking the walls was the Rev. A. Young, assisted by the Rev. B. B. Blid, deacon, and the Rev. M. M. Saric, sub-deacon. Carlinal McCloskey was expected to be present, but the extreme cold prevented him from attending. Among the clergy were the fer. Father Spalding of St. Michael's Church, Basopelet & Peoria, Ill., Father Hecker, Superior General of the Pasies Community, and Fathers Dunggoole and McDowall. The Rev. Algernon Brown preached on the occasion.

THE CHRISTMAS SERMON.-Gerald (who has been listening with exemplary patience) - shauma when is he going to talk about the pudding !"-(Punch

DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION radically

LIVER COMPLAINT and Affections of the A Kidneys promptly cared by WINCHESTER'S HYPO PHOSPHITE OF MANGANESE. A superior adstitute to the property of the property of

NERVOUS DEBILITY, Impotence, Weakness

STRICTURE, Impotence, and Diseases of the Generative Organs radically and speedily cured. Office hours, 8 to 3. HENRY A. DANIELS, M.D., 144 Lexington av.

Life Ins. Co. of New-York.

"Able, Prudent, and Honorable!"

To the Editors of the Evening Journal:

Having caused a personal examination to be made of the condition and afters of the Washington Life Insurance Com

condition and attars of the 31st day of December, 1876, by pany of New York, as of the 31st day of December, 1876, by Hon. John A. McCall, ir., Deputy Superintendent, duly ap-pointed by me for that purpose, and deeming it for the public interests that the result of his investigation should be published. I berewith inclose his report for publication.

W. SMYTH. Acting Superintendent

ALBANY, Jan. 23, 1877. Hon, William Smyth, Acting Superintendent New-York In I respectfully report that in accordance with the provision

Smyth, I have company of New-York City.

The very satisfactory condition of the company as exhibited below is attributable to the management of its affairs by able

examination, have been placed on file in the department.

The following are the assets and liabilities:

Bonds and mortgages.

U. S. 6's registered 500,000 200,000 100,000 N. Y. State 7's, registered 100,000 1,135,500 N. Y. City 7's, registered 122,200 122,200 Erocklyn 7's, registered 250,000 200,000 200,000 100,000 Brooklyn 6's, registered ... 100,000 107,000 Brooklyn 6's, registers, Kingston City coupons, 11,000 11.000

Agenta' balances .... Total assets .... Deduct items not admitted: Mortgages taken for debt..... .#10,838 81 Value of real estate over depart-

Total admitted assets. LIABILITIES. Net value of outstanding policies.
Unpaid losses and endowments not due. Premiums said in advance Unpaid dividends to stockholders... 3.0 0 00 Salaries, rent, &c .... \$4,386,685 83 Total liabilities as to policy holders.

Aggregate..... Capital Stock ... Respectfully submitted. JOHN A. McCall, jr. Deputy Supt. CYRUS CURTISS, President,

CYRUS MUNN. Assistant Secretary. E. S. FRENCH.

B. W. MCCREADY, M. D., Medical Examiner.

SINGLE OR IN SUITES, TO RENT In the Coal and Iron Exchange, Building thor-

and the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company have adopted schedule rates for coal. The prices

To secure good health and relief from couche

A cured and the Stomach, Bowels, and Organs of Diges tion invigorated by WINCHESTER'S HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME AND SODA, \$1 and \$2 per bottle. Prepared by WINCHESTER & Co., Chemists, 36 Johnst., New York

A of the Ormans of Generation, &c., speedily and radically cured by WINCHESTER'S SPECIFIC PILL. I was a su-boxes are usually sufficient. Proc. \$1 per box. Six box a \$6. Send for drouber. Propaged by WINCHESTER & Co., Chemists, 36 John St., New-York.

155 BROADWAY. Sound to the Core! Its Management

Read the following Official Certificates: INSURANCE DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, Jan. 23, 1877.

Very respectfully yours,

contained in your appointment No. 362, dated Dec. 26, 1878, and with the assistance of Messrs. Bailard, Willis, and W. H. Smyth, I have completed an examination of the Washingon

perdent, and honorable men. It gives me pleasure to state that in a minute and exacting investigation I find nothing to Complete schedules of mortgages, deferred premiums, and real estate investments as of Dec. 31, 1876, being the date of

 ASSETS. \$159,284 80 2,334,252 79

Cash in bank and office. Accrued interest on investments .. 53,071 20 19,109 46 Loans or policies within their value ... 180,429 95 Net uncollected and deferred premiums.. Stocks and bonds. Par Market value. value. Value. Value. \$510,000 \$581,400

\$2,093,200 \$2,359,100 \$2,359,100 00

£5,265,495 36 43,592 92 Agents' balances.....

92,216 53 45,173,278 83 .\$4,337,644 00 43,306 81 2,388 51

786,593 00 Surplus us regards policy-holders..... 85,173,278 83 \$125.000 00

W. A. BREWER, Jr., W. HANTUN.

OFFICES,

oughly Fire-proof, cor. Cortlandt and Church-sts., adapted to individuals or to large or small corporations. RENTALS LARGELY REDUCED,

Apply to the

are considerably below those for December, and it is said